

BIOGRAPHY

3/7/2012.



Title and name

Dr. John Griffin

Nationality

Irish.

Panel

Biological Hazards

Education

University College Dublin, 1977, Bachelor of Veterinary Medicine, Master of the Royal College of Veterinary Surgeons

University of Edinburgh, 1980, M.Sc. in Tropical Veterinary Medicine (Awarded Commonwealth Prize for finishing first in class)

University of Guelph, 1994, Masters Degree in Veterinary Epidemiology.

University College Dublin, 2003, PhD in Veterinary Medicine

Scientific and risk assessment experience

Epidemiology

Animal By-Products

Risk assessment of biohazards, particularly TSEs.

Main scientific publications

Griffin, J.M. and Dolan, L.A. (1995).

The role of cattle-to-cattle transmission of *Mycobacterium bovis* in the epidemiology of tuberculosis in cattle in the republic of Ireland: A review. *Irish Veterinary Journal* Vol. 48: 228-234

Griffin, J.M., Martin, S.W., Thorburn, M.A., Eves, J.A. and Hammond, R.F. (1996).

A case-control study on the association of selected risk factors with the occurrence of bovine tuberculosis in the Republic of Ireland. *Preventive Veterinary Medicine* Vol. 27: 217-229.

Martin, S.W., Eves, J.A., Dolan, L.A., Hammond, R.F., Griffin, J.M., Collins, J.D. and Shukri, M.M. (1997).

The association between bovine tuberculosis status of herds in the East Offaly Project Area, and the distance to badger setts, 1988-1993. Preventive Veterinary Medicine Vol. 31: 113-125.

Griffin, J.M., Collins, J.D., Nolan, J.P. and Weavers, E.D. (1997).

Bovine spongiform encephalopathy in the Republic of Ireland: epidemiological observations 1989-1996. Irish Veterinary Journal Vol. 50: 593-600

Griffin, J.M. and O'Reilly, P.J. (2003).

The epidemiology and control of an outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease in the Republic of Ireland in 2001. Veterinary Record Vol. 152: 705 – 712.

Pawitan, Y., Griffin, J.M. and Collins, J.D. (2004).

Analysis and prediction of the BSE incidence in Ireland. Preventive Veterinary Medicine Vol. 62: 267 –283.

Griffin, J.M., Williams, D.H., Kelly, G.E., Clegg, T.A., O'Boyle, I., Collins, J.D., and More S.J. (2005).

The impact of badger removal on the control of tuberculosis in cattle herds in Ireland. Preventive Veterinary Medicine Vol. 67: 237 –266.

Griffin, J.M., More, S.J., Clegg, T.A., Collins, J.D., O'Boyle, I., Williams, D.H., Kelly, G.E., Costello, E., Sleeman, P., O'Shea, F., Duggan, M., Murphy, J., and Lavin, D.P.T. (2005).

Tuberculosis in cattle: the results of the four-area project. Irish Veterinary Journal Vol. 58, No. 11: 629-636.

Sleeman, D.P., Davenport, J., More, S.J., Clegg, T.A., Collins, J.D., Griffin, J.M. and O'Boyle, I. (2008).

How many Eurasian badgers *Meles meles* L. are there in Ireland? European Journal of Wildlife Research (Online and in press).

Sleeman, D.P., Davenport, J., More, S.J., Clegg, T.A., Griffin, J.M. and O'Boyle, I. (2009).

The effectiveness of barriers to badger *Meles meles* immigration in the Irish four Area project European Journal of Wildlife Research Vol 55: 267 - 278
